

Report of the CGGTTS

Judah Levine

Time and Frequency Division

NIST/Boulder

jlevine@boulder.nist.gov

Summary

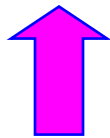
- Technical Directives for Reporting Time transfer data
- Studies to improve uncertainties at each laboratory
- Reduce track length
- Future work

Current Reporting Format

```
PRN_CL__MJD__STTIME ...  
_____hhmms  
_XX_XX_XXXXXX_XXXXXX ...
```

Proposal 1 Reporting Format

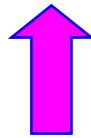
```
PRN_CL__MJD__STTIME  ...  
_____hhmms  
nxxx_xx_xxxxxx_xxxxxx  ...
```



Digit to identify satellite system
Solution not compatible with numbering

Proposal 2 Reporting Format

```
PRN_CL__MJD__STTIME ...  
_____hhmms  
_xxTxx_XXXXXX_XXXXXX ...
```



Single letter:

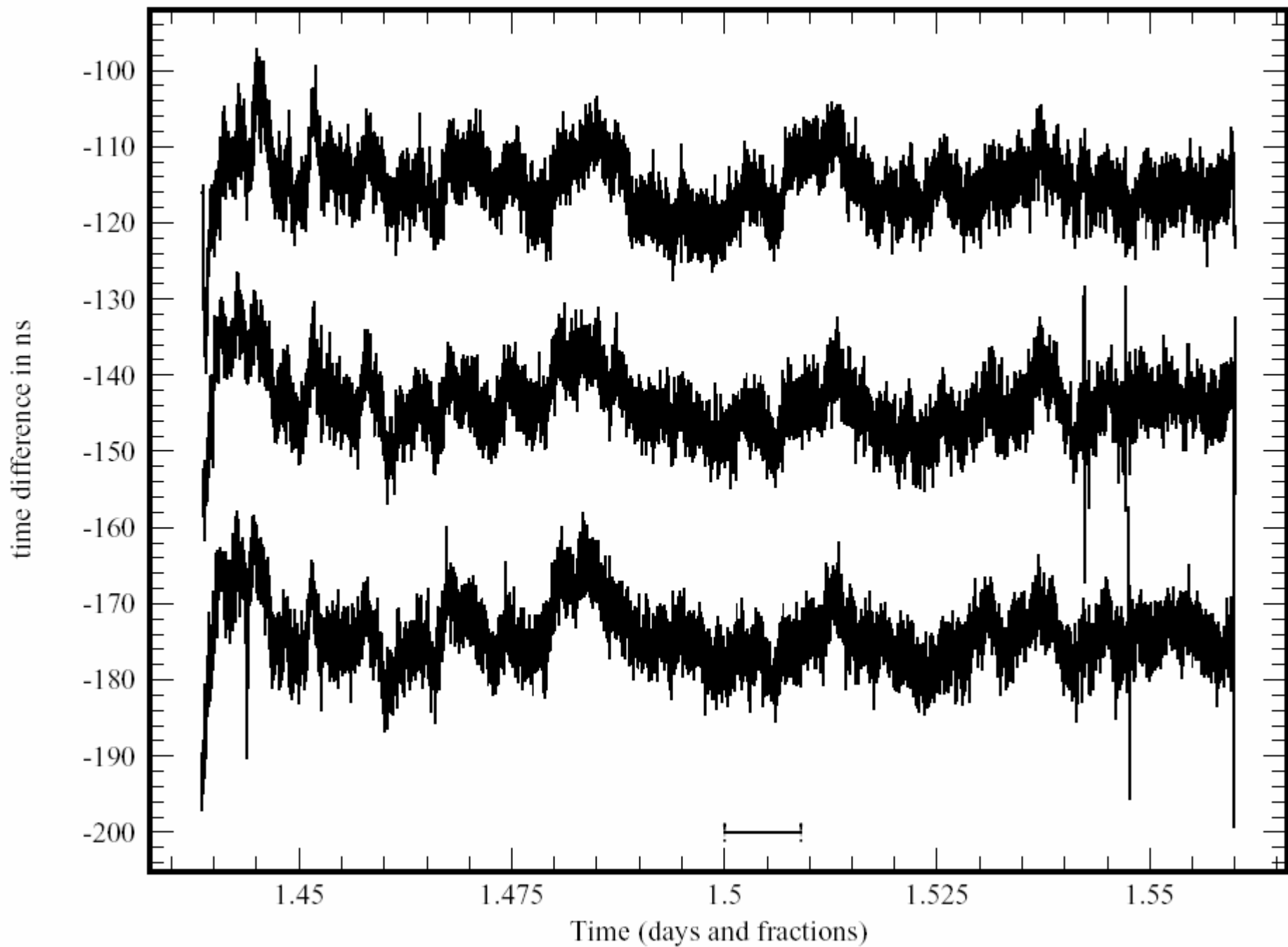
G or blank = GPS

R = GLONASS

E = Galileo

Follow IGS conventions (sp3c.txt)

Stacked data, SV 19 short-baseline cv



Receiver calibrations

- Short-baseline common view affected by multi-path
 - Changes receiver “calibration”
 - Track length and 4 minute advance make problem hard to see

New Tracking method

- Reduce track length to 15 s or 30 s
 - 15 s compatible with existing method
 - Compatible with geodetic receivers
- Simplify averaging method
 - Complicated averaging no longer needed

How much data?

- Receiver outputs 60,000 bytes/day
 - About 1 minute even at 9600 baud
- Output of 50 receivers: 3MB/day
 - 30 GB disk holds 10,000 days of data

Future Work

- Replace standing CGGTTS committee with short-term working groups to study specific questions
 - Working groups should have specific members and terms of reference